

FISCAL NOTE

SB 123 – HB 1146

February 20, 2007

SUMMARY OF BILL: Requires at least thirty percent of passenger motor vehicles purchased by the State of Tennessee during a fiscal year to have an estimated highway gasoline mileage rating of at least thirty-five miles per gallon (MPG).

ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

Increase State Expenditures – Net Impact – \$635,300

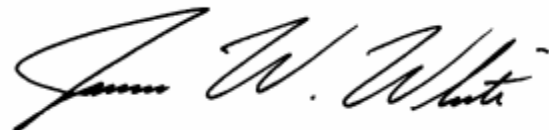
Assumptions:

- This bill does not specify that vehicles purchased as a requirement of this bill be purchased at a price comparable to current vehicles.
- The Department of General Services, the Department of Transportation (TDOT) and colleges and universities purchase vehicles.
- According to the Department of General Services, they will purchase the Toyota Prius as a replacement for current vehicles.
- The Department of General Services estimates they will buy 89 Toyota Prius' at a cost of \$21,000 each.
- The current average cost for General Services to its purchase passenger motor vehicles is approximately \$15,000 each. (Chevrolet Impala, Chevrolet Malibu and Chrysler Sebring)
- $(\$21,000 - \$15,000) \times 89 \text{ vehicles} = \$534,000$ increase in state expenditures to purchase vehicles.
- According to TDOT, they will purchase Toyota Camry Hybrids as a replacement for current vehicles.
- TDOT estimates they will purchase 11 Toyota Camry Hybrids at a cost of \$25,900 each.
- The current cost for TDOT to purchase a Chevrolet Impala is \$15,711
- $(\$25,900 - \$15,711) \times 11 \text{ vehicles} = \$120,079$ increase in state expenditures to purchase vehicles.
- According to Tennessee Commission on Higher Education (THEC), colleges and universities will purchase Kia or Hyundai models as a replacement for current vehicles.
- THEC estimates they will purchase 47 Kia or Hyundai models at an approximate price of \$15,559 each.
- The current cost for colleges and universities to purchase a Chevrolet Malibu is \$14,559.

- $(\$15,559 - \$14,559) \times 47 \text{ vehicles} = \$47,000$ increase in state expenditures to purchase vehicles.
- $\$534,000 + \$120,079 + \$47,000 = \$701,079$ total increase in state expenditures to purchase vehicles.
- The average city/highway MPG rating for the Chevrolet Impala, Chevrolet Malibu and Chrysler Sebring is 21 MPG. General Services estimates approximately 12,000 miles per year per vehicle. The average city/highway MPG rating for the Toyota Prius is 55.5 MPG. The average fuel cost per current vehicle (12,000 miles / 21 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$988. The average fuel cost for the Toyota Prius (12,000 miles / 55.5 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$368.
- There will be a decrease in state expenditures to General Services in fuel costs of approximately \$55,180. $(\$988 - \$368) \times 89 = \$55,180$
- The average city/highway MPG rating for the Chevrolet Impala is 26 MPG. TDOT estimates approximately 15,000 miles per year per vehicle. The average city/highway MPG rating for the Toyota Camry Hybrid is 39 MPG. The average fuel cost per Chevrolet Impala is (15,000 miles / 26 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$980. The average fuel cost for the Toyota Camry Hybrid is (15,000 miles / 39 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$653.
- There will be an average decrease in state expenditures to TDOT in fuel costs of approximately \$3,597. $(\$980 - \$653) \times 11 = \$3,597$
- The average city/highway MPG rating for the Chevrolet Impala is 26 MPG. Approximately 12,000 miles per year per vehicle for colleges and universities. The average city/highway MPG rating for a Kia or Hyundai is 32 MPG. The average fuel cost per Chevrolet Impala is (12,000 miles / 26 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$785. The average fuel cost for a Kia or Hyundai is (12,000 miles / 32 MPG x \$1.70 regular unleaded fuel) is \$637.
- There will be an average decrease in state expenditures to colleges and universities in fuel costs of approximately \$6,956. $(\$785 - \$637) \times 47 = \$6,956$
- $\$55,180 + \$3,597 + \$6,956 = \$65,733$ total decrease in state expenditures for fuel costs.
- $\$701,079$ (increase in state expenditures) - $\$65,733$ (decrease in state expenditures) = $\$635,346$ total increase in state expenditures.

CERTIFICATION:

This is to duly certify that the information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.



James W. White, Executive Director